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| APPLICATION NO |). FI | ILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| 10/765,508 | 10/765,508 01/26/2004 | | Mark W. Kroll | A04P1007 | 2562 | |
| 36802 | 7590 | 12/05/2006 | | EXAMINER | | |
| | TTER, INC LLEY VIEV | | MULLEN, KRISTEN DROESCH | | | |
| SYLMAR, CA 91392-9221 | | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | | | - | 3766 | | |

DATE MAILED: 12/05/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
| Office Action Summan | 10/765,508 | KROLL, MARK W. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | Kristen Mullen | 3766 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | pears on the cover sheet with the c | correspondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value of the provision of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tire will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | • | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Ja | anuary 2004. | | | | | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This | action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for alloward | | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4 | 53 O.G. 213. | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | • | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application | | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw | wn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,17 and 18</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) <u>8-16 and 19</u> is/are objected to. | | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | r election requirement. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine | er. | | | | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 January 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | |
| 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | caminer. Note the attached Office | e Action or form PTO-152. | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a |)-(d) or (f). | | | | |
| . 1. Certified copies of the priority document | s have been received. | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority document | | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio | , | ed in this National Stage | | | | |
| application from the International Burea | * | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
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| A44 | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview Summary | (PTO-413) | | | | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail D | ate | | | | |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/26/04</u> . | 5) Notice of Informal I | Patent Application | | | | |
| | -, | | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 4 is objected to because of the following informalities: "the time duration of the selected feature" lacks antecedent basis. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-2, 5-7 and 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Girouard et al. (2004/0093034) in view of Olson et al. (5,779,645).

Regarding claims 1, 17 and 18, Girouard shows an apparatus and corresponding method that includes sensing means (20, 21, 30, 31, 40, 41) for sensing cardiac activity to provide an electrogram of the sensed cardiac activity; integrating means (10) for integrating a selected feature of the electrogram to provide an integral (area under the curve) (paras. [0005], [0021]-[0022]); and detecting means for detecting ischemia when the electrogram feature score satisfies a given criteria (paras. [0005],[0021]-[0022]); claims 6 and 16). Although Girouard fails to show normalizing means, attention is directed to Olson who shows normalizing means for normalizing an integral (area under the curve) by a normalizing factor to provide an electrogram feature score (Col. 5, lines 46-65; Col. 7, lines 58-64; Col. 8, line 56-Col. 9, line 43). Olson teaches that normalizing the integral (area under the curve) significantly reduces computational complexity, reduces the complexity of waveform morphology diagnosis, conserves power and

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extends battery life (Col. 3, lines 36-39; Col. 38-41). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the apparatus and corresponding method of Girouard to include a normalizing means for normalizing an integral (area under the curve) by a normalizing factor to provide an electrogram feature score as taught by Olson in order to significantly reduce computational complexity, reduce complexity of waveform morphology diagnosis, conserve power and extend battery life.

With respect to claim 2, Girouard shows the selected electrogram feature is an ST segment (paras. [0021]-[0022]).

Regarding claim 5, Girouard shows the sensing circuit (20, 21 30, 31, 40, 41) and processor (10) are enclosed within a conductive case and wherein the at least two electrodes include the case (60) (Fig. 1A).

With respect to claim 6-7, Girouard shows the at least two electrodes further include one of a ring electrode (33a, 43a) and a tip electrode (23, 33b, 43b) (Fig. 1A) and the at least two electrodes are a ring electrode and a tip electrode (Fig. 1A).

4. Claim 3 is are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Girouard et al. (2004/0093034) in view of Olson et al. (5,779,645) as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Nearing et al. (2005/0010122). Girouard and Olson are as explained before. However, Girouard and Olson fail to teach the normalizing factor is an R-wave amplitude. Attention is directed to Nearing who teaches normalizing (scaling) ECG signals associated with T-waves and ST segments utilizing an R-wave amplitude normalizing factor. Nearing teaches that normalizing the ECG signal with the R-wave amplitude permits comparison of ECG signals of different individuals to one another and will compensate for low amplitude signals due to disease

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or poor electrode signals [paras. [0060], [0098]). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the apparatus of Girouard and Olson to include an R-wave amplitude normalizing factor as taught by Nearing in order to permit comparison of ECG signals of different individuals to one another and compensate for low amplitude signals due to disease or poor electrode signals.

Claim 4 is are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Girouard et al. (2004/0093034) in view of Olson et al. (5,779,645) as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of MacAdam et al. (2002/0091330). Girouard and Olson are as explained before. However, Girouard and Olson fail to teach the normalizer is a divider and the divider divides the integral by the time duration of the selected feature. However, attention is directed to MacAdam who teaches normalizing ECG segments utilizing a divider as a normalizer that divides the integral by the time duration of the selected feature [para. 0068]. MacAdam teaches that utilizing a time duration of the selected feature for normalization provides a way for comparing two separately obtained ECG segment integrals. It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the apparatus of Girouard and Olson to include a divider as a normalizer that divides the integral by the time duration of the selected feature as taught by MacAdam in order to provides a way for comparing two separately obtained ECG segment integrals

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 8-16 and 19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kristen Mullen whose telephone number is (571) 272-4944. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 10:30 am-6:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert E. Pezzuto can be reached on (571) 272-6996. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Kristen D. Mullen

Patent Examiner-Temp. Full Signatory

Kusten Mullen

Authority

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kdm